A. REMOTE CONTROL

The USB 2.0 interface is the serial one working with 480 MHz clock which enables one to control remotely the unit. Its speed is relatively high and it ensures the common usage of USB in all produced nowadays Personal Computers.

The functions, which are developed in order to control data flow in the serial interfaces, ensure:

- Bi-directional data transmission,
- Remote control of the instrument.

The user, in order to programme the serial interface, has to:

- 1. send "the function code",
- 2. send an appropriate data file

or

3. receive a data file.

A.1. Input / Output transmission types

The following basic input / output transmission types (called functions) are available:

- #1 input/output of the control setting codes,
- #2 read-out of the measurement results in the VLM mode,
- #3 read-out of the measurement results in the 1/1 OCTAVE or 1/3 OCTAVE analysis mode
- #4 read-out of the data file from the internal flash-disc or RAM memory,
- #7 special control functions,
- #9 writing the data file into the internal flash-disk.
- **#D** read/write the data file from the external memory (SD Card),

A.2. Function #1 - Input/Output of the control setting codes

#1 function enables the user to send the control setting codes to the instrument and read out a file containing the current control state. A list of the control setting codes is given in Tab. A.1. The format of #1 function is defined as follows:

```
#1,Xccc,Xccc,(...),Xccc;
```

or

#1,Xccc,X?,Xccc,(...),X?,Xccc;

where:

- $\boldsymbol{X}\;$ the group code, \boldsymbol{ccc} the code value,
- **X?** the request to send the current X code setting.

The instrument outputs in this case a control settings file for all requests X? in the following format:

```
#1,Xccc,Xccc,(...),Xccc;
```

In order to read out all current control settings the user should send to the device the following sequence of characters:

#1;

The instrument outputs in this case a file containing all control settings given in Tab. A1 in the format:

```
#1,Xccc,Xccc,(...),Xccc;
```

Example: The instrument sends the following sequence of characters as an answer for the mentioned above request:

#1,U100,N1234,W1.02.5,Q0.01:1,Q0.03:2,Q0.05:3,q120.00,M4,I17:1,I17:2,I16:3,G9,g1,d1s,D10s,K5,Y3 ,y0,S0,T1,e480,J1.40:1,J1.40:2,J1.00:3,m0,s4,I120,k1,p0,n10,Xa1,Xe0,XE0,Xf50:1,Xf50:2,Xf50:3,XF91 0:1,XF910:2,XF910:3,Xb110:1,Xb110:2,Xb110:3,XB2100:1,XB2100:2,XB2100:3,XV2,XG0,XJ2,XK120, XP0,Xc10,XC4,XD0;

means that:

- the SV 100 is investigated (U100);
- its number is 1234 (N1234);
- the software version number 1.02.5 (W1.02.5);
- the calibration factor is equal to 0.01 dB (Q0.01:1) in channel X, calibration factor is equal to 0.03 dB (Q0.03:2) in channel Y and calibration factor is equal to 0.05 dB (Q0.05:3) in channel Z;
- the calibration level is equal to 120.00 dB (g120.00);
- the **DOSE METER** mode is selected (M4);
- the **Wd** filter is selected in channel X (I17:1);
- the **Wd** filter is selected in channel Y (I17:2);
- the Wk filter is selected in channel Z (I16:3);
- the **PEAK** and **RMS** values are stored in the files of the logger from all channel (G9);
- the summary results MAIN are stored in the files of the logger from all channel (g1);
- the results are stored in a logger's file every 1 second (d1s);
- the integration period is equal to 10 seconds (D10s);
- the measurement has to be repeated 5 times (K5);
- the delay of the start of the measurements is equal to 3 seconds (Y3);
- the synchronization the start of measurement with RTC is switched off (y0);
- the instrument is in the Stop state (S0);
- the logger is active (T1);
- the exposition time is set to 8 hours (e480);
- the **1.40** coefficient is selected in channel X, for calculating Vector (J1.40:1);
- the **1.40** coefficient is selected in channel Y, for calculating Vector (J1.40:2);
- the **1.00** coefficient is selected in channel Z, for calculating Vector (J1.00:3);
- the time-domain signal recording is switched off (m0);
- the RMS value from channel Z is treated as a source for trigger in the time-domain signal recording (s4);
- the time-domain trigger level is equal to 120 dB (I120);
- the signal from channel X will be recorded in time-domain signal recording (k1);
- the additional recording time before the triggering in time-domain signal recording is switched off (p0);
- the recording time in time-domain signal recording is equal to 10 seconds (n10).
- the reference level is equal 1 μm/s² (Xa1)
- the Exposure Action Value calculation base on aw results only (Xe0)
- the Exposure Limit Value calculation base on aw results only (XE0)
- the Exposure Action Value base on aw result in channel X is equal to 0.5 m/s² (Xf50:1);
- the Exposure Action Value base on **aw** result in channel Y is equal to 0.5 m/s² (Xf50:2);
- the Exposure Action Value base on **aw** result in channel Z is equal to 0.5 m/s² (Xf50:3);
- the Exposure Action Value base on **VDV** result in channel X is equal to 9.1 m/s^{1.75} (XF910:1);
- the Exposure Action Value base on *VDV* result in channel Y is equal to 9.1 m/s^{1.75} (XF910:2);
- the Exposure Action Value base on *VDV* result in channel Z is equal to 9.1 m/s^{1.75} (XF910:3);
- the Exposure Limit Value base on *aw* result in channel X is equal to 1.1 m/s² (Xb110:1);
- the Exposure Limit Value base on aw result in channel Y is equal to 1.1 m/s² (Xb110:2);
- the Exposure Limit Value base on **aw** result in channel Z is equal to 1.1 m/s² (Xb110:3);

- the Exposure Limit Value base on *VDV* result in channel X is equal to 21.0 m/s^{1.75} (XB2100:1);
- the Exposure Limit Value base on VDV result in channel Y is equal to 21.0 m/s^{1.75} (XB2100:2);
- the Exposure Limit Value base on *VDV* result in channel Z is equal to 21.0 m/s^{1.75} (XB2100:3);
- the **ELV** alarm source is selected (XV2);
- the wave trigger signal recording is switched off (XG0);
- the RMS value from channel Y is treated as a source of the wave triggering signal (XJ2);
- the wave trigger level is equal to 120 dB (XK120);
- the additional recording time before the triggering in wave trigger is switched off (XP0);
- the recording time in wave trigger mode is equal to 10 seconds (Xc10).
- the time-domain signal from channel Z will be recorded in wave trigger (XC4);
- the PCM wave file format is selected (XD0);



Note: All bytes of that transmission are ASCII characters.

A.3. Function #2 - measurement results read-out in the VLM mode

#2 function enables one to read-out the current measurement result from the selected channel in the **VLM** mode.

Notice: This function can also be programmed while measurements are taking place. In this case, the RMS values measured after entering #2 function are sent out.

#2 function has the format defined as follows:

```
#2,p,X?,X?,X?,(...),X?;
```

where:

X - the code of the result,

p - the number of channel:

- 1 channel X, profile 1 (channel filter),
- 2 channel Y, profile 1 (channel filter),
- 3 channel Z, profile 1 (channel filter).
- 4 channel X, profile 2 (Band Limiting of channel filter),
- 5 channel Y, profile 2 (Band Limiting of channel filter),
- 6 channel **Z**, profile 2 (Band Limiting of channel filter).

Notice: After finishing the measurement, **#2** function is no longer active and has to be reprogrammed in order to read-out successive measurements.

The instrument sends the values of results in the format defined as follows:

#2,p,Xccc,Xccc,(...),Xccc; (where **p** - the number of channel) or

#2,?; (when the results are not available).

The codes of the results from the **DOSE METER** mode are defined as follows:

- v the under-range flag (ccc equals to 0 when the overload did not occur, 1 when the under-range took place during the last measurement period);
- V the overload flag (ccc equals to 0 or 1);
- **T** time of the measurement (ccc value in seconds);
- **P** the **PEAK** value (ccc the value in dB);
- **Q** the **P** P value (ccc the value in dB);
- **M** the **MAX** value (ccc the value in dB);
- **R** the **aw** value (ccc the value in dB);
- **H** the **VDV** value (ccc the value in dB);
- **F** the **CRF** value (Crest Factor);
- **s** the **MSDV** value (ccc the value in dB);
- O the awv result (ccc the value in dB);
- a the **CDose** result (ccc the value in dB);
- **b** the **DDose** result (ccc the value in dB);
- **c** the **CExp** result (ccc the value in dB);
- **o** the **CExp** result (ccc the value in points);
- f the **A(8)** result (ccc the value in dB);
- p the A(8) result (ccc the value in points);
- r the **aren** result (ccc the value in dB);
- t the VDVR result (ccc the value in dB);
- g the **EAVTT** result (ccc the value in s);
- h the **EAVTL** result (ccc the value in s);
- i the **ELVTT** result (ccc the value in s);
- j the ELVTL result (ccc the value in s);

The exemplary results of the instrument's response after sending to it the following sequence of characters: #2,1; coming from the channel **X** are given below:

#2,1,v0,V0,T3,P107.82,Q112.84,M96.45,R94.06,H102.58,F4.88,s98.83,O115.12,a123.40,b143.31,c7 5.21,o0,f115.03,p127,r115.12,t143.31,g0,h0,i12,j9;

Notice: The presented above order of the measurement results sent out by the instrument does not depend about the characters sent to the unit.

Example: After sending to the instrument the string:

#2,1,T?,R?,V?,P?;

the unit sends out the results of measurement coming from the channel X in predefined, described above, order:

#2,1,V0,T3,P107.82,R94.06;

Notice: The value displayed on the screen during the result's presentation is sent out from the instrument in the case when **nn** is not given after **X** character.



Notice: All bytes of that transmission are ASCII characters.

A.4. Function #3 - Read-out of the measurement results in 1/1 octave or 1/3 octave modes

#3 function enables one to read out the current measurement results in 1/1 OCTAVE or 1/3 OCTAVE mode.

#3 function format is defined as follows:

#3; The device responds, sending the last averaged spectrum.
#3,A; The device responds, sending the last averaged spectrum
#3,I; The device responds, sending the last instantaneous spectrum

#3,M; The device responds, sending the last max spectrum **#3,N**; The device responds, sending the last min spectrum

The device responds, sending the last measured spectrum (when the instrument is in STOP state) or currently measured spectrum (when the instrument is in RUN state) in the following format:

#3;<Status Byte> <LSB of the transmission counter> <MSB of the transmission counter> <X channel data byte> (...) <X channel data byte> <Y channel data byte> (...) <Y channel data byte> <Z channel data byte> (...) <Z channel data byte>

Status Byte gives the information about the current state of the instrument.

D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
יכ	ט	טט	ᅜᅮ	טט	02	וטו	D0

where:

D7 = 0 means that "overload does not happen" in Z channel,

= 1 means that "overload appeared" in Z channel,

D6 = 0 means that "overload does not happen" in Y channel,

= 1 means that "overload appeared" in Y channel,

D5 = 0 means that "overload does not happen" in X channel,

= 1 means that "overload appeared" in X channel,

D4 = 0 the instantaneous current result (RUN State),

= 1 the final result (STOP State),

D3 = 1 the 1/3 OCTAVE results,

D2 = 1 the 1/1 OCTAVE results.

D1,D0 – type of spectrum:

00 means that averaged spectrum,

01 means that instantaneous spectrum.

- 10 means that max spectrum,
- 11 means that min spectrum,

Note: The measurement result is coded in binary form as dB•100 (e.g. 34.52 dB is sent as binary number 3452).

A.5. Function #4 - read-out of the data file from the internal flash-disc

#4 function enables the user to read-out the data file from the internal Flash-disc memory. The data file formats are given in Appendix B.

#4 function formats are defined as follows:

#4,0,\; the file containing the catalogue,

#4,0,?; the count of the files,

#4,0,index,count; the part of the file containing the catalogue,

where:

index - first record,

count - number of records in the catalogue.

#4,1,fname; the file containing the measurement results,

#4,1,fname,?; file size,

#4,1,fname,offset,length; the part of the file containing the measurement results,

where:

fname - name containing not more than eight characters,

offset - offset from the beginning of the file,

length - number of bytes to read,

#4,4; the Settings file, #4,4,?; size of Settings file, #4,4,offset,length; the part of Settings file,

where:

offset - offset from the beginning of the Settings file,

length - number of bytes to read,



Notice: The "\" character is treated as the file name of the catalogue and must be sent to the instrument.

All data words are sent as <LSB>,<MSB>.

When an error is detected in the file specification or data, the instrument will send:

#4,?;

The catalogue of the files is a set of the records containing 16 words (16 bits each). Each record describes one file saved in the instrument's Flash-disc. The record structure is as follows:

words 0 - 3 8 characters of the file name.

word 4 file type (binary number),

word 5 reserved,

word 6 the least significant word of the file size, word 7 the most significant word of the file size,

words 8 - 15 reserved.

A.6. Function #D - Read / Write the data files from the external memory (SD Card)

<disk> logical disk number:

0 - SD Card,

1 – USB Disk (not implemented),2 – Internal Memory (not implemented)

directory address (cluster numer) – for internal memory 0

<offsetB> offset the first byte to read (an even number).
<nB> number of bytes to read (an even number)

<data> binary data.

<address>

<count> directory size in bytes

<name> file name in format XXXXXXXXXYYY (XXXXXXXX - file name, YYY- file name

extension)

<dirName> directory name

<nBwr> number of bytes to write

1) #D,c,?; this function returns the list of available disks in format:

#D,c,<disk1>[,<disk2>[,<disk3>]];

2) #D,d,?; this function returns the parameters of the working directory in format:

#D,d,<disk>,<address>,<count>;

3) #D,d,<disk>,<address>; this function enables to change the working directory

Response:

#D,d; - command was executed

#D,d,?; - command cannot be executed

4) #D,r,<disk>,<address>,<offsetB>,<nB>; function enables the user to read the file (except of internal memory):

Response:

#D,r,<disk>,<address>,<offsetB>,<nB>; [<data>]

5) #D,w,<name>,<nBwr>;<data> function enables the user to write the file to working directory:

Response:

#D,w; - command was executed#D,w,?; - command cannot be executed

6) #D,e,<name>; function enables the user to delete the file in working directory:

Response:

#D,e; - command was executed#D,e,?; - command cannot be executed

7) #D,e; function enables the user to delete all files in in working directory:

Response:

#D,e; - command was executed#D,e,?; - command cannot be executed

8) #D,m,<address>,<dirName>; function enables the user to create a subdirectory in the directory defined by <address>:

Response:

#D,m; - command was executed#D,m,?; - command cannot be executed

9) #D,f,<address>; function enables the user to delete directory and its contents (files and subdirectories):

Response:

#D,f; - command was executed #D,f,?; - command cannot be executed

A.7. Function #7 - special control functions

#7 function enables the user to perform special control functions. Some of them should be used with the extreme care.

#7 function formats are defined as follows:

```
#7,AF;
```

Get Alarm Flags. Response format:

#7,AF,xx;

where xx defined as a sum of the following flags:

- EAV. - ELV. 2

#7,AS;

Get settings for the Auto-Run function.

Response format:

#7,AS,e,HH,MM,hh,mm,dW,mR;

where:

- On (e=1), Off (e=0), е

НН - hour of the measurement start, MM - minutes of the measurement start. hh - hour of the measurement stop, - minutes of the measurement stop, mm

- day of week in which the measurement will be done: dW

bit:0 - Monday,

bit:6 - Sunday

mR - maximum number of the measurement days,

#7,AS, e,HH,MM,hh,mm,dW,mR;

```
where:
```

- On (e=1), Off (e=0),

НН - hour of the measurement start, MM - minutes of the measurement start, hh - hour of the measurement stop. - minutes of the measurement stop, mm

- day of week in which the measurement will be done: dW

bit:0 - Monday,

bit:6 - Sunday

- maximum number of the measurement days, mR

Response format:

#7,AS;

#7.BC:

Reserved.

```
#7,BD;
      Reserved.
#7,BN;
      Get number of logger files created to the current time.
      Response format:
              #7,BN,xxx;
      where:
                       - number of logger files.
              XXX
#7,BS;
      Get battery state.
      Response format:
              #7,BS,x;
      where:
                       - battery state in [%].
              X
#7,BV;
      Get battery voltage.
      Response format:
              #7,BV,xxx;
      where:
                       - battery voltage in [10 mV].
              XXX
#7,CA;
      Get the charger and charging status.
      Response format:
              #7,BS,x,y;
      where:
                       - charger: off.
              x=0
              x=1
                       - charger: slow charge.
                       - charger: fast charge.
              x=2
                       - charging: no charging.
              y=0
              y=1
                       - charging: charging.
                       - charging: charging failure.
              y=2
#7,CP;
      Get selected Standard.
      Response format:
              #7,CP,xx;
      where:
              xx = EC - Directive 2002/44/EC,
              xx = BR - Brazilian,
              xx = FR - French,
              xx = GE - German,
              xx = IT - Italian,
 xx = UD - User defined,
              xx = UK - English,
              xx = PL - Polish,
#7,CP,xx;
      Set Standard for.
      where:
              xx = EC - Directive 2002/44/EC,
```

xx = BR - Brazilian,

```
xx = FR - French,
              xx = GE - German,
              xx = IT - Italian,
              xx = UD - User defined,
              xx = UK - English,
              xx = PL - Polish,
      Response format:
              #7,CP;
#7,CS;
      Clear setup (restore factory settings).
      Response format:
              #7,CS;
#7,DS,name;
      Delete setup file in SETUP directory.
      where:
              name
                       - setup file name,
      Response format:
              #7,DS;
#7,DU;
      Get display units.
      Response format:
              #7,DU,x;
      where:
              x = 0
                       - logarithmic,
                       - linear metric,
              x = 1
              x = 2
                       - linear non-metric.
#7,DU,x;
      Set display units.
      where:
                       - logarithmic,
              x = 0
              x = 1
                       - linear metric,
              x = 2
                       - linear non-metric.
      Response format:
              #7,DU;
#7,ED;
      Delete all files and directories on SD card. The function is not accepted while the instrument is in
  the RUN state.
      Response format:
              #7,ED;
#7,EW;
      Get event/wave recording state.
      Response format:
              #7,EW,r,t;
      where:
                       - event/wave recording state,
              r
                               - event/wave recording is performed,
                       r = 0
                       r = 1
                               - no event/wave is recording,
```

- back counting timer [s] of event /wave recording, works only in the recording with time limit Start/stop event/wave recording. This command will work only if one of event/wave trigger recording mode is set. where: s = 0- Start event/wave recording with no time limit, s = 1- Stop event/wave recording, Response format: #7,EW; #7,EW,1,t; Start event/wave recording with time limit. This command will work only if one of event/wave trigger recording mode is set. where: - Recording time limit in seconds in range <1 - 28800>, t Response format: #7,EW; Get external supply voltage. Response format: #7,EV,xxx; where: - external supply voltage in [10 mV]. XXX Get file system version. Response format: #7,FS,x.xx; where: - file system version number. X.XX Get SD-card fat type. Response format: #7,FT,x; where: x = -1- SD-card is not available, x = 1- FAT16, - FAT32, x = 2x = 3- FAT12. Reserved. Get the states of keyboard lock. Response format: #7,KL,x;

#7,EW,s;

#7,EV;

#7,FS;

#7,FT;

#7,IC;

#7,KL;

where:

x = 0

- keyboard lock off,

```
x = 1
                       - keyboard lock on.
#7,KL,x;
      Get the states of keyboard lock.
      where:
                       - keyboard lock off,
              x = 0
              x = 1
                       - keyboard lock on.
      Response format:
              #7,KL;
#7,LA;
      Get interface language.
      Response format:
              #7,LA,name;
      where:
              xx = GE - German,
              xx = EN - English,
              xx = IT - Italian
              xx = PL - Polish,
              xx = HU - Hungarian,
xx = TU - Turkish,
xx = RU - Russian,
              xx = NL - Flemish,
              xx = FR - French,
              xx = SP - Spanish,
#7,LB;
      Get the name of the last logger filename.
      Response format:
              #7,LB,name;
      where:

last logger filename.

              name
#7,LN;
      Get the name of the next logger filename.
      Response format:
              #7,LB,name;
      where:
                       - next logger filename.
              name
#7,LS,name;
      Load setup and writes settings into EEPROM. The selected file must exist.
                       - setup file name.
              name
      Response format:
              #7,LS;
#7,LW;
      Get name of last created wave file;
      Response format:
              #7,LW,name;
      where:
                       - wave file name.
              name
```

```
#7,MC;
      Get acceleration sensor compensation.
      Response format:
              #7,MC,x;
      where:
              x = 0
                       - Off,
              x = 1
                       -On,
#7,MC,x;
      Set acceleration sensor compensation.
      where:
                       - Off,
              x = 0
              x = 1
                       -On,
      Response format:
              #7,MC;
#7,MG,p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7,p8,p9,p10,p11,p12,p13,p14,p15,p16,p17,p18,p19,p20;
      Set GPS marker. All parameters are optional.
      where:
                       - signal quality,
              р1
                       p1 = 0 - no signal,
                       p1 = 1 - GPS fix,
              p2
                       - Seconds part of time,
              рЗ
                       - Minutes part of time,
                       - Hours part of time,
              p4
                       - Day,
              р5
              p6
                       - Month,
              р7
                       -Year,
              p8
                       - Degree part of latitude,
                       - Minutes part of latitude,
              р9
                       - Seconds part of latitude,
              p10
                       - Miliseconds part of latitude,
              p11
              p12
                       - Latitude direction: N, S,
              p13
                       - Degree part of longitude,
                       - Minutes part of longitude,
              p14
                       - Seconds part of longitude,
              p15
                       - Miliseconds part of longitude,
              p16
              p17
                       - Longitude direction: E, W,
              p18
                       - Altitude in meters,
                       - Decimal part of altitude,
              p19
              p20
                       - Speed * 100 (km/h),
      Response format:
              #7,MG;
#7,MM;
      Get last remote marker parameter.
      Response format:
              #7,MC,x,y,name;
      where:
                       - number of the marker (1-16, 0 - end of all block markers when y=2),
                       – type of the marker:
              У
                                - point.
                       y = 0
                                - block (start),
                       y = 1
```

y = 2

y = 3

name

- block (stop),

- time, - name of the marker,

#7,MM,x,y,b1,b2,b3,b4,b5,b6,e1,e2,e3,e4,e5,e6,name;

```
Set remote marker.
      where:
                       - number of the marker (1-16, 0 - end of all block markers when MarkerType=2),
              X
                       - type of the marker:
              У
                       v = 0
                                - point.
                                - block (start),
                       y = 1
                                - block (stop),
                       y = 2
                       y = 3
                                - time,
              b1
                       - marker start date: year
              b2
                       - marker start date: month
              b3
                       - marker start date: day of the month
                       - marker start time: hour
                       - marker start time: minute
              b5
              b6
                       - marker start time: second
                       - marker end date: year
              e1
                       - marker end date: month
              e2
              e3
                       - marker end date: day of the month
              e4
                       - marker end time: hour
              e5
                       - marker end time: minute
                       - marker end time: second
              e6
                       - name of the marker,
              b1,b2,b3,b4,b5,b6,e1,e2,e3,e4,e5,e6 - Fields are optional and are only present for
              MarkerType=3.
      Response format:
              #7,MM;
#7,NF;
      Get SD-card number of free sectors (sector = 512 bytes).
      Response format:
              #7,NF,x;
      where:
                       - number of free sectors (in case of \mathbf{x} = -1 SD-card is not available).
              X
#7,NS;
      Get SD-card number of sectors (sector = 512 bytes).
      Response format:
              #7,NS,x;
      where:
                       - number of sectors (in case of x = -1 SD-card is not available).
              X
#7,PC;
      Get Post Calibration.
      Response format:
              #7,PC,x;
      where:
              x = 0
                       - off,
              x = 1
                       - last file.
              x = 2
                       - files after last calibration.
#7,PC,x;
      Set Post Calibration.
      where:
              x = 0
                       - off.
```

- last file,

x = 1

```
- files after last calibration.
             x = 2
      Response format:
             #7,PC;
#7,PF;
      Get Force Detector Mode.
      Response format:
             #7,PF,x;
      where:
                      - Marker Mode,
             x = 0
                      - Pause Mode.
             x = 1
#7,PF,x;
      Set Force Detector Mode.
      where:
                      - Marker Mode.
             x = 0
                      - Pause Mode,
             x = 1
      Response format:
             #7,PF;
#7,PI;
      Get internal microcontroller firmware version.
      Response format:
             #7,PI,x.xx;
      where:
             X.XX
                      - internal microcontroller firmware version number.
#7,PO;
      Power off the instrument.
      Response format:
             #7,PO;
#7,PR;
      Get force detector result.
      Response format:
             #7,PR,x;
      where:
                      - Absent,
             x = 0
             x = 1
                      - Present,
#7,RT;
      Get current real time clock settings.
      Response format:
             #7,RT,hh,mm,ss,DD,MM,YYYY;
      where:
                            - time.
             hh:mm:ss
             DD/MM/YYYY - date.
#7,RT,hh,mm,ss,DD,MM,YYYY;
      Set current real time clock and date settings;
      where:
             hh:mm:ss
                            - time.
             DD/MM/YYYY - date.
```

Response format:

```
#7,RT;
#7,SC;
      Reserved.
#7,SD;
      Get date and time of last loaded setup file;
      Response format:
             #7,RT,hh,mm,ss,DD,MM,YYYY;
      where:
             hh:mm:ss
                            - time,
             DD/MM/YYYY - date.
#7,SE;
      Reserved.
#7,SF;
      Reserved.
#7,SL;
      Get the number of setup files
      Response format:
             #7,SL,xxx;
      where:
                      - number of setup files.
             XXX
#7,SL,xxx;
      Get the setup file name with the specified number
      Response format:
             #7,SL,name;
      where:
             name
                      - setup file name.
#7,SN;
      Get last loaded setup file name;
      Response format:
             #7,SN,name;
      where:
             name
                      - setup file name.
#7,SP;
      Reserved.
#7,SS,name;
      Create setup file based on the current settings and save on SD card.
      where:
             name
                      - name of the setup file.
      Response format:
             #7,SS;
#7,ST;
      Get Standby Delay.
      Response format:
```

```
#7,ST,xxx;
      where:
                       - time to standby in [s].
              XXX
#7,ST,x;
      Set Standby Delay.
      where:
                       - time to standby in [s].
              XXX
      Response format:
              #7,ST;
#7,TH,mmmm,d;
      Get Time history.
      where:
              mmmm - the mask of selected results (hexadecimal):
                               - PEAK, channel X,
                       b0
                                - P-P, channel X,
                       b1
                       b2
                                - MAX, channel X,
                       b3
                                - aw, channel X,
                       b4
                                - VDV, channel X,
                       b5
                                - PEAK, channel Y,
                       b6
                                - P-P, channel Y,
                       b7
                                - MAX, channel Y,
                       b8
                                - aw, channel Y,
                       b9
                                - VDV, channel Y,
                       b10
                                - PEAK, channel Z,
                                - P-P, channel Z,
                       b11
                       b12
                                - MAX, channel Z,
                       b13
                                - aw, channel Z,
                       b14
                                - VDV, channel Z,
                       b15
                                - awv,
              d
                       - fifo buffer pointer:
                       d = 0
                                - set fifo pointer to the beginning before sending
                       d = 1
                                - auto-incrementing of the fifo pointer
                       d = 2
                                - set fifo pointer to the last measured result before sending
      Response format:
      #7,TH,r,mmmm,s,rn,rl,date,time,res1..resN;
      where:
                       - state of the instrument:
                       r0
                               - RUN state.
                                - STOP state,
                       r1
              mmmm
                       - the mask of selected results (hexadecimal):
                                - PEAK, channel X,
                       b0
                       b1
                                - P-P, channel X,
                                - MAX, channel X,
                       b2
                       b3
                                - aw, channel X,
                       b4
                                - VDV, channel X,
                       b5
                                - PEAK, channel Y,
                       b6
                                - P-P, channel Y,
                       b7
                                - MAX, channel Y,
                                - aw, channel Y,
                       b8
                                - VDV, channel Y,
                       b9
                                - PEAK, channel Z,
                       b10
                       b11
                                - P-P, channel Z,
                       b12
                                - MAX, channel Z,
                       b13
                                - aw, channel Z,
```

b14

- VDV, channel Z,

s

b15

- awv,

- logger step in seconds,

```
rn
                       - the number of transmitted logger records,
                       - the number of records in the fifo,
             rl
             date
                       - the date of the first of the transferred records in format DD/MM/YYYY,
                       - the time of the first of the transferred records in format HH/MM/SS,
             time
             res1..resN - the results in accordance with the mask (N records). The results of each
             record contains as many results as there are set bits in the mask
#7,TP;
      Get temperature;
      Response format:
             #7,TP,xx.x;
      where:
                       - temperature in °C.
             XX.X
#7,UF;
      Get usb speed;
      Response format:
              #7,UF,x;
      where:
             x = 0
                       - High speed (480Mbps).
                       - Full speed (12Mbps).
             x = 1
#7, UF,x;
      Set usb speed;
      where:
                       - High speed (480Mbps).
             x = 0
             x = 1
                       - Full speed (12Mbps).
      Response format:
             #7,UF;
#7,UN;
      Get unit name;
      Response format:
              #7,UN,name;
      where:
                       - unit name.
             name
#7,UN,name;
      Sets the unit name;
      where:
              name
                       - unit name.
      Response format:
             #7,UN;
#7,US;
      Get unit subtype.
      Response format:
             #7,US,x;
      where:
             X
                       - subtype number.
```

```
#7,UV;
      Get USB voltage.
      Response format:
             #7,UV,xxx;
      where:
                      - USB voltage in [10 mV].
             XXX
#7,VB;
      Get bootstrap program version.
      Response format:
             #7,VB,x.xx;
      where:
                      - bootstrap program version number.
             X.XX
#7,VH;
      Get hardboot program version.
      Response format:
             #7,VH,x.xx;
      where:
                      - hardboot program version number.
             X.XX
```

For the unknown function and/or in the case of the other error, all these functions return the following sequence of characters: #7,?;

A.8. Function #9 - write-in the data file into the internal flash-disc

#9 function enables the user to write-in the data file into the internal Flash-disc memory. The data file formats are given in Appendix B.

#9 function formats are defined as follows:

#9,FILE_TYPE,FILE_LENGTH,DATA

where:

FILE_TYPE type of the file

1 - result file,2 - setup file,

FILE_LENGTH length of the file in bytes,

DATA binary content of the file.

A.9. Control setting codes

The control setting codes used in the SV 100A instrument (the internal software revision 1.02.5) are given in the table below.

Table A.1. Control setting codes

Group name	Group code	Code description	
Unit type	U	U100 (read only)	
Serial number	N	Nxxxx (read only)	
Software version	W	$\mathbb{W} \times . \times \times . \times $	
Calibration factor	Q	Qn.nn:c n.nn - real number with the value of the calibration factor ∈ (-2.0 ÷ 3.0) for X, Y, Z channel c - the number of channel: 1:X, 2:Y, 3:Z	
Calibration level	q	Qn.nn n.nn - real number with the value of the calibration level ∈ (100.0 ÷ 145.0)	
Measurement function	M	M2 - 1/1 OCTAVE analyser M3 - 1/3 OCTAVE analyser M4 - DOSE METER	
Filter type	ı	Filter type in channel n I16:n Wk filter for profile 1, channel n I17:n Wd filter for profile 1, channel n I20:n Wm filter for profile 1, channel n I23:n Wb filter for profile 1, channel n I24:n Wf filter for profile 1, channel n	
Logger type	G	Gx - x - sum of the following flags flags: 1 - logger with PEAK values 2 - logger with PPP values 4 - logger with MAX values 8 - logger with aw values 16 - logger with VDV values 32 - logger with awv values 64 - logger with Spectrum values	
Summary results	g	gx - x - sum of the following flags flags: 1 - Main Results values 2 - Spectrum values 4 - Spectrum MAX values 8 - Spectrum MIN values	
Logger step	d	$\begin{array}{ll} \text{dn} & n = \text{number in milliseconds} \in (\ 100,\ 200,\\ & 500,\ 1000) \\ \\ \text{dns} & n = \text{number in seconds} \in (1 \div 60)\\ \\ \text{dnm} & n = \text{number in minutes} \in (1 \div 60) \end{array}$	
Integration period	D	infinity (measurement finished by pressing the <stop></stop> push-button or remotely by sending S0 control code) Dnns nn number in seconds Dnnm nn number in minutes Dnnh nn number in hours	
Repetition of the measurement cycles (RepCycle)	К	 K0 - infinity (measurement finished by pressing the Stop or remotely - by sending S0 control code) Knnnn- nnnn number of repetitions ∈ (1 ÷ 1000) 	
Exposure Time	е	ennn - nnn time in minutes ∈ (1 ÷ 720)	

Group name	Group code	Code description		
Logger	Т	TO - switched Off T1 - switched On		
Delay in the start of measurement	Υ	Ynn - nn delay given in seconds \in (0 \div 60)		
Synchronization the start of measurement with RTC	у	y0 - switched off (OFF) y1 - synchronization to 1 min. y15 - synchronization to 15 min. y30 - synchronization to 30 min. y60 - synchronization to 1 hour.		
State of the instrument (Stop, Start or Pause)	S	S0 - STOP S1 - START S2 - PAUSE		
awv (vector) coefficient	J	Qn.nn:c n.nn - real number with the value of the awv result coefficient for X, Y, Z channel c - the number of channel: 1:X, 2:Y, 3:Z		
Time-domain signal recording mode	m	m0 - switched off (OFF) m1 - recording all measurement m2 - recording on trigger SLOPE + m3 - recording on trigger SLOPE - m4 - recording on trigger LEVEL + m5 - recording on trigger LEVEL -		
Time-domain signal recording: stored channel	k	kx - x - sum of the following flags: 1 - channel X 2 - channel Y 4 - channel Z		
Time-domain signal recording: source of the triggering signal	s	sx - x - sum of the following flags: 1 - the RMS in channel X 2 - the RMS in channel Y 4 - the RMS in channel Z		
Time-domain signal recording: triggering level	1	lnnn - nnn level in dB ∈ (80 ÷ 160)		
Time-domain signal recording: pre-trigger time	р	p0 - switched Off p1 - switched On		
Time-domain signal recording: recording time	n	nkkk - kkk time in second \in (1 \div 1800) n0 - recording to the end of measurement		
Reference Level	Xa	Xax - $x = \text{reference level} \in (1 \div 100) \text{ in } \mu\text{m/s}^2$		
Exposure Action Value calculation mode	Хе	 Xe0 - aw option only Xe1 - VDV option only Xe2 - depending on the crest factor Xe3 - aren and VDVR 		
Exposure Limit Value calculation mode	XE	 XE0 - aw option only XE1 - VDV option only XE2 - depending on the crest factor XE3 - aren and VDVR 		
Exposure Action Value (aw or aren limit)	Xf	Xfnnn:c nnn Exposure Action Value given in 0.01 m/s² for channel n		

Group name	Group code	Code description			
Exposure Action Value (VDV or VDVR limit)	XF	XFnnn:c nnn Exposure Action Value given in 0.01 m/s ^{1.75} for channel n			
Exposure Limit Value (aw or aren limit)	Xb	Xbnnn: c nnn Exposure Limit Value given in 0.01 m/s 2 for channel n			
Exposure Limit Value (VDV or VDVR limit)	ХВ	XBnnn:c nnn Exposure Limit Value given in 0.01 m/s ^{1.75} for channel n			
Alarm Mask	xv	 XVx - x - activated alarm defined as a sum of the following flags: 1 - EAV 2 - ELV 			
Wave signal recording mode	XG	 xG0 - switched off (OFF) xG1 - recording all measurement xG2 - recording on trigger SLOPE + xG3 - recording on trigger SLOPE - xG4 - recording on trigger LEVEL + xG5 - recording on trigger LEVEL - 			
Wave signal recording: stored channel	хс	XCx - x - sum of the following flags: 1 - channel X 2 - channel Y 4 - channel Z			
Wave signal recording: source of the triggering signal	XJ	 XJx - x - sum of the following flags: 1 - the RMS in channel X 2 - the RMS in channel Y 4 - the RMS in channel Z 			
Wave signal recording: triggering level	XK	XKnnn- nnn level in dB ∈ (80 ÷ 160)			
Wave signal recording: pre-trigger time	XP	XP0 - switched Off XP1 - switched On			
Wave signal recording: recording time	Хc	Xckkk- kkk time in second \in (1 \div 1800) Xc0 - recording to the end of measurement			
Wave signal recording: File format	XD	XD0 - PCM wave file formatXD1 - Extensible wave file format			